

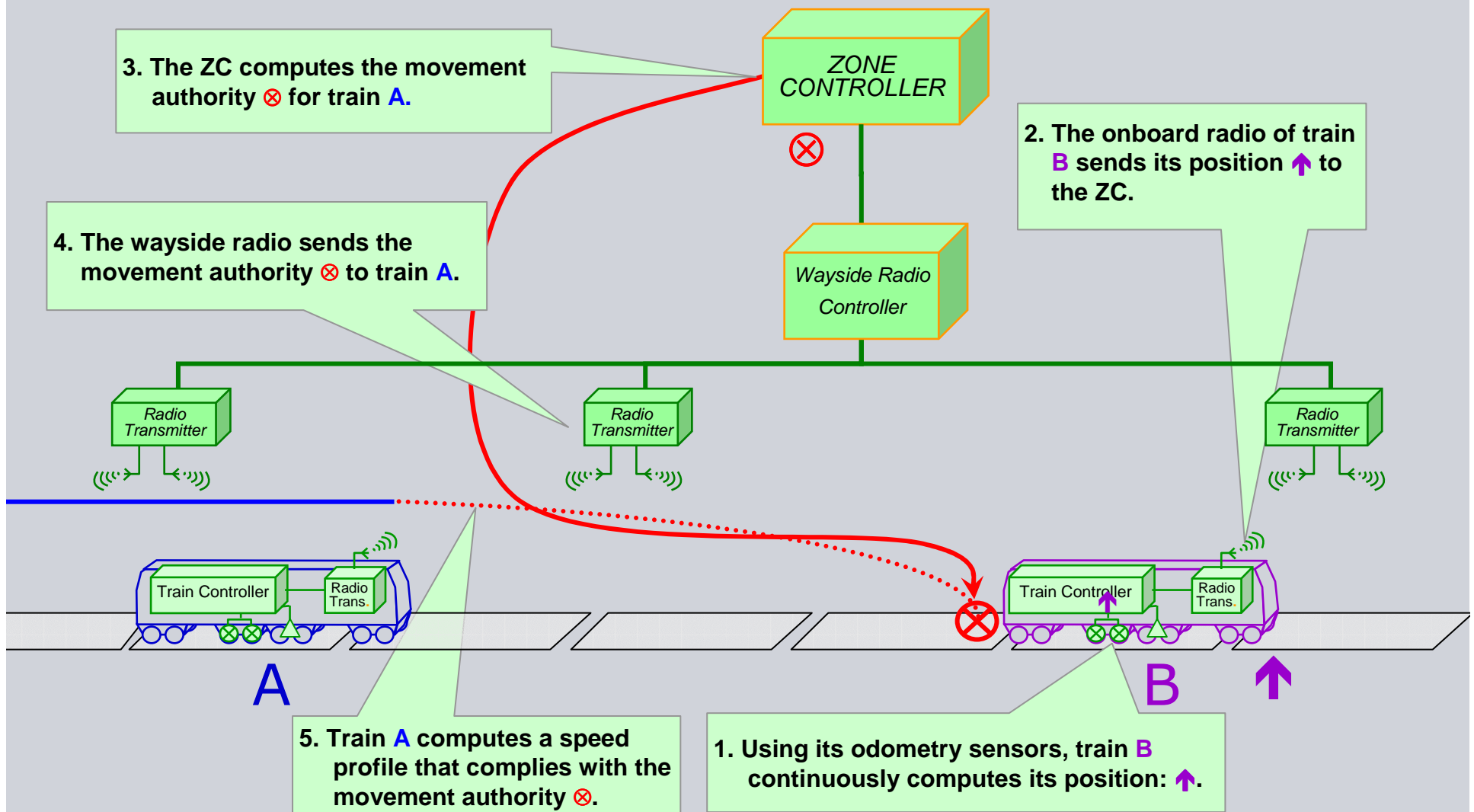
B in Large-Scale Projects: The Canarsie Line CBTC Experience

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B in Large-Scale Projects

- **What is a CBTC ?**
- **The Canarsie Line**
- **Metrics: a comparison of Meteor and the Canarsie Line**
- **Developing in B**

Communications Based Train Control



The B in CBTC: where is it?

Early in the design the vital and non vital functions are split.

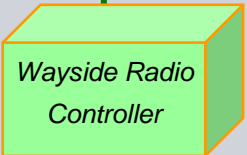
Every vital function is developed in B.

Exceptions:

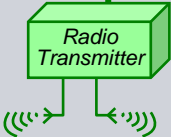
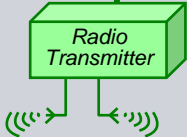
- **low level input/output**
- **configuration files of the vital software**
- **the main (infinite) loop**

The B in CBTC: where is it?

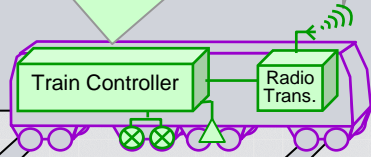
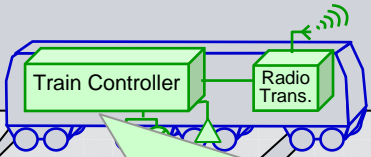
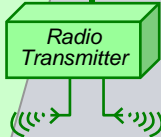
- 4. The Z.C. updates its map of the trains: vital, B
- 5. The Z.C. computes the movement authority: vital, B



- 3. Radio: non vital, no B

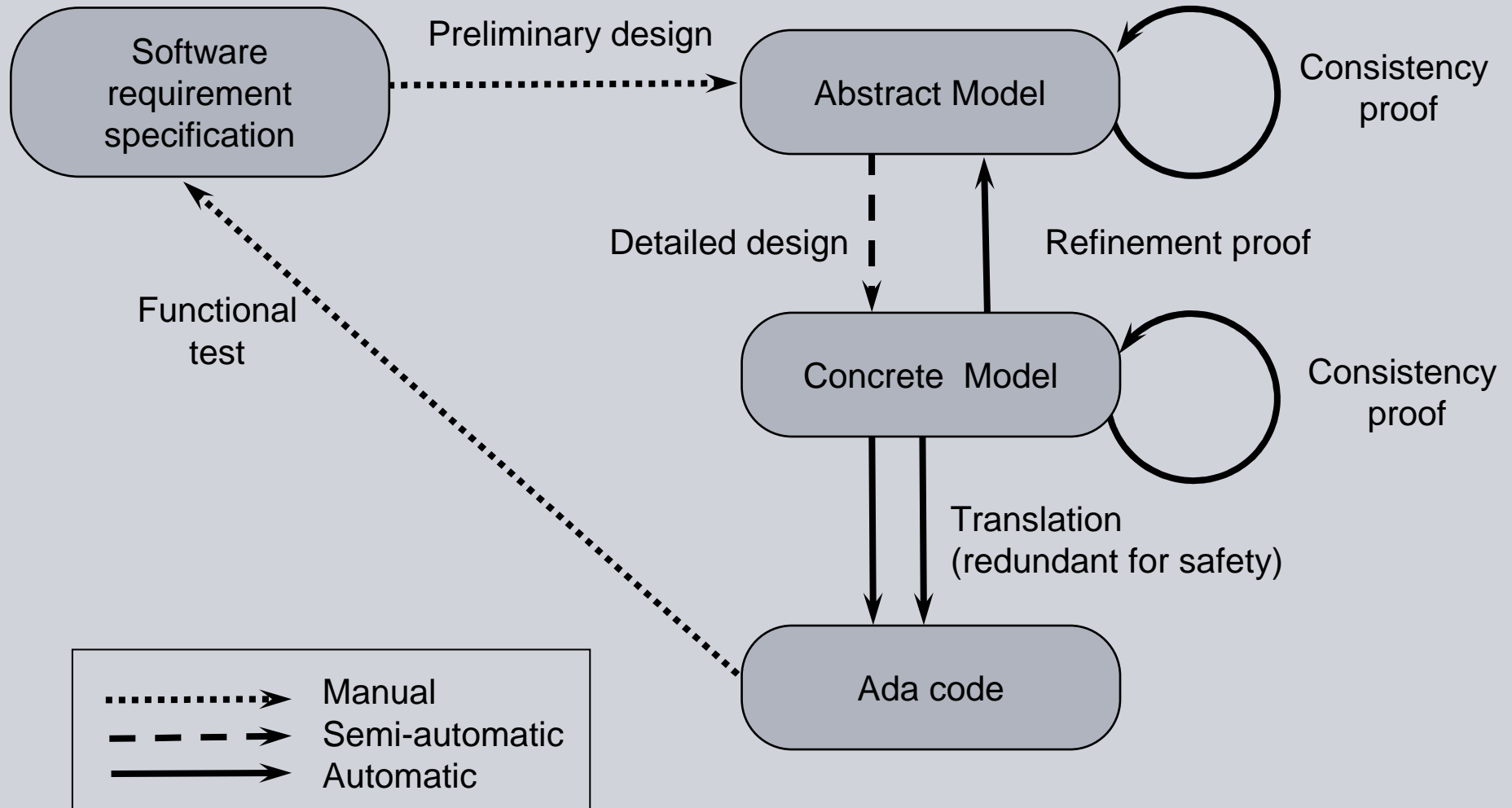


- 1. The sensors provide raw data: vital, no B
- 2. The T.C. computes its position: vital, B



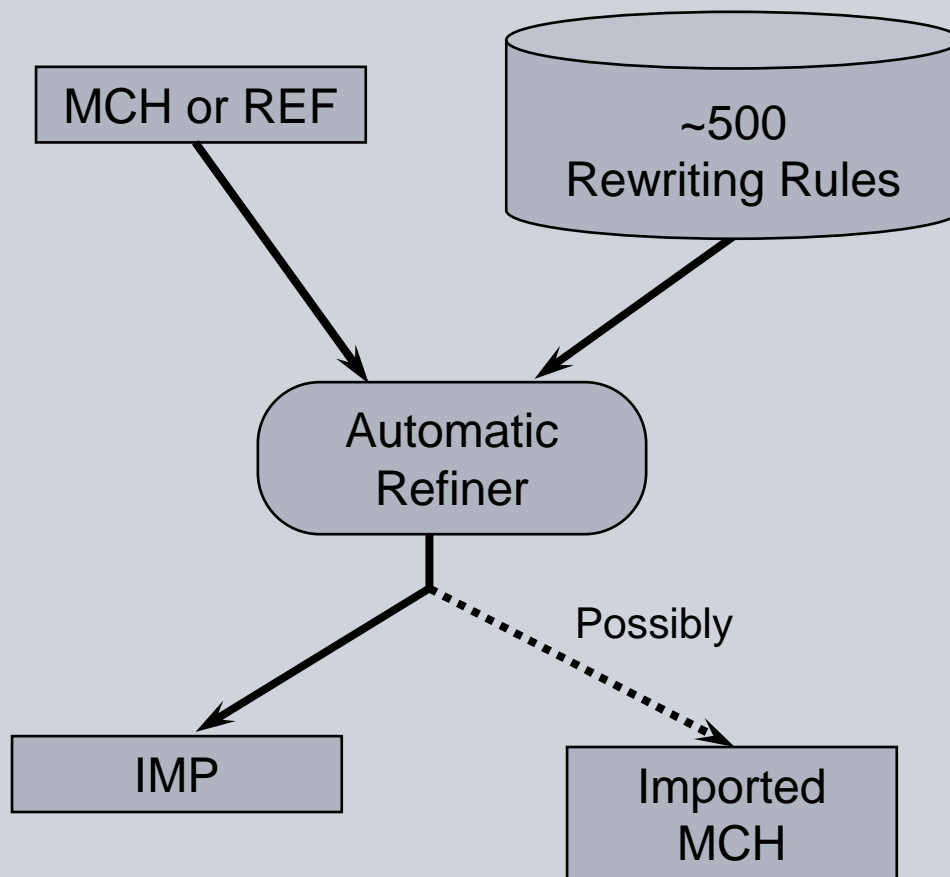
- 6. The T.C. computes the speed profile: vital, B
- 7. The T.C. checks the actual speed: vital, B
- 8. The T.C. commands the emergency brake: vital, B
- 9. The T.C. commands the motor/service brake: non vital, no B

The B in CBTC: what is it?



A word about automatic refinement

How does it work?



Why does it work?

- Constructive specifications
 $x := e$ ~~$x:(P)$~~
- The “system” properties disappear during refinement
- Few (< 10) data refinement schemes

New York: Canarsie Line



Length of the line: 17 km

Number of Stations: 24

Number of trains: 53

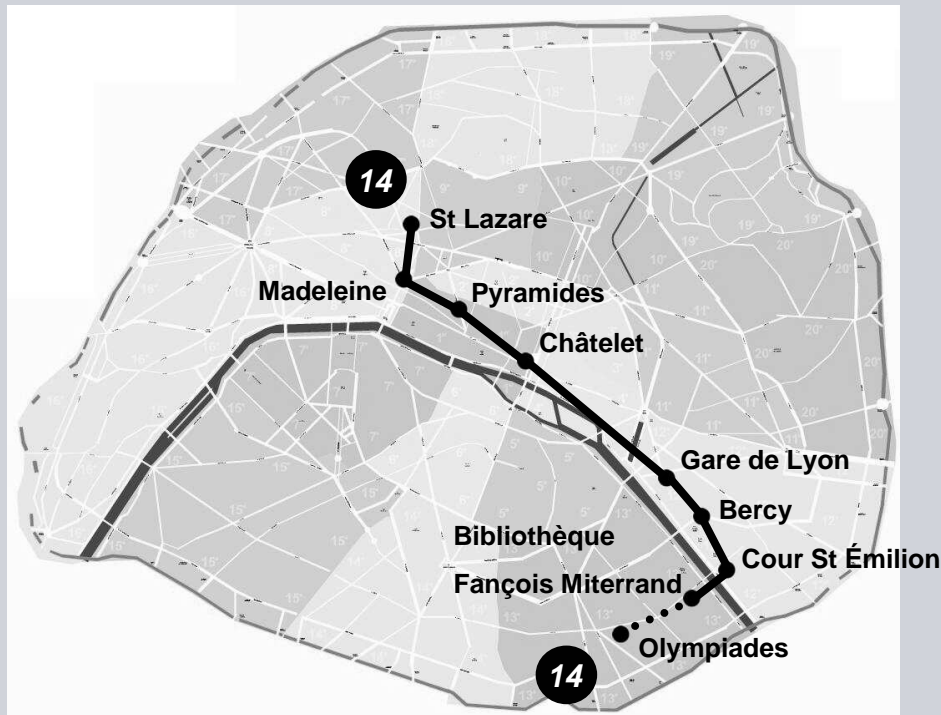
Operating times: 24h/day, 7 days/week

Mixed fleet: equipped / unequipped trains

Interoperability between lines and between suppliers

Revenue service: Jan. to Nov. 2006

Paris: Meteor



Driverless

Length of the line: 8,5 km

Number of Stations: 8

Number of trains: 19

Revenue service: Oct. 1998

Passengers/day: 350000

Canarsie Line vs. Meteor: a complexity step

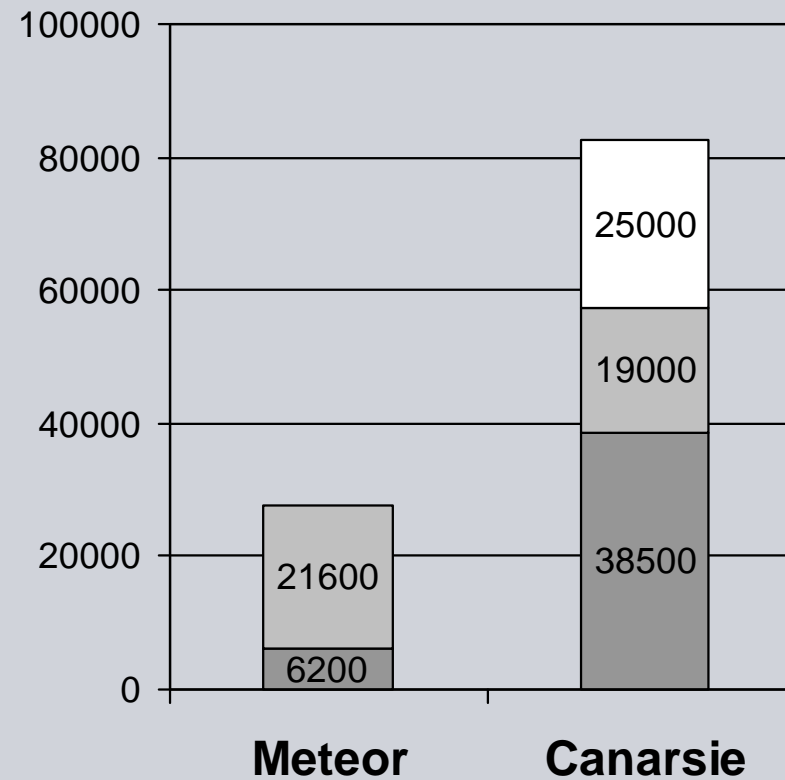
Meteor is driverless but ... the Canarsie Line CBTC is more complex

Canarsie Line	Meteor
Refurbishment Radio	New line Induction loop in the track
Continuous speed/energy computation Dynamically loaded configuration files	Pre-computed tables Statically linked configuration data
Automatic refinement Use of more B constructs (lists, generalized union)	Hand written B model Use of less B constructs

Canarsie Line vs. Meteor: metrics

Proof obligations

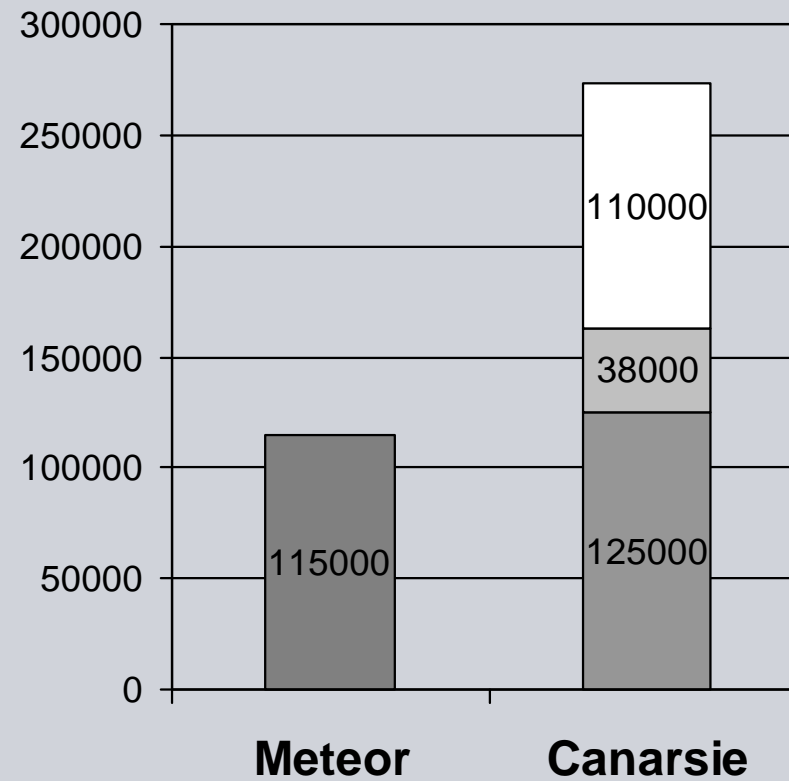
- Concrete model (automatic)
- Concrete model (handwritten)
- Abstract model



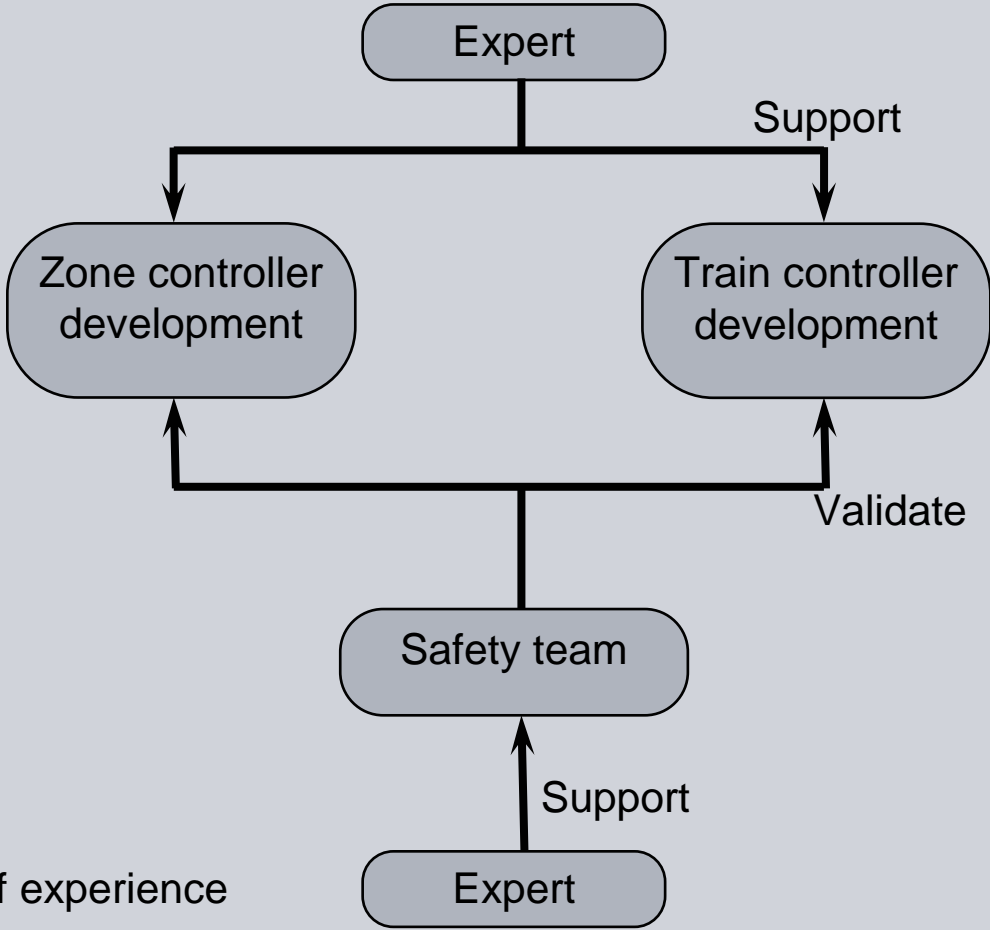
Canarsie Line vs. Meteor: metrics

Lines of B

- Concrete model (automatic)
- Concrete model (handwritten)
- Abstract model
- Abstract + concrete (Meteor)

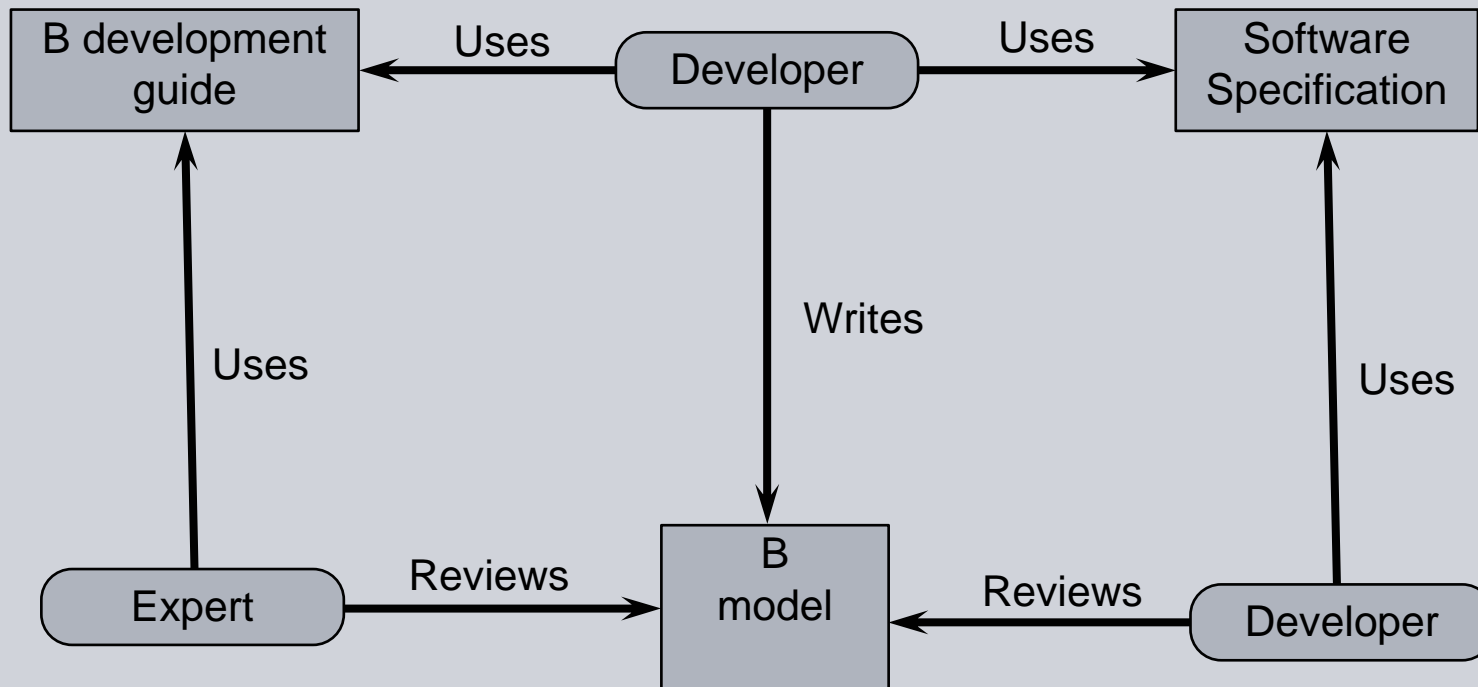


Organizing a B development

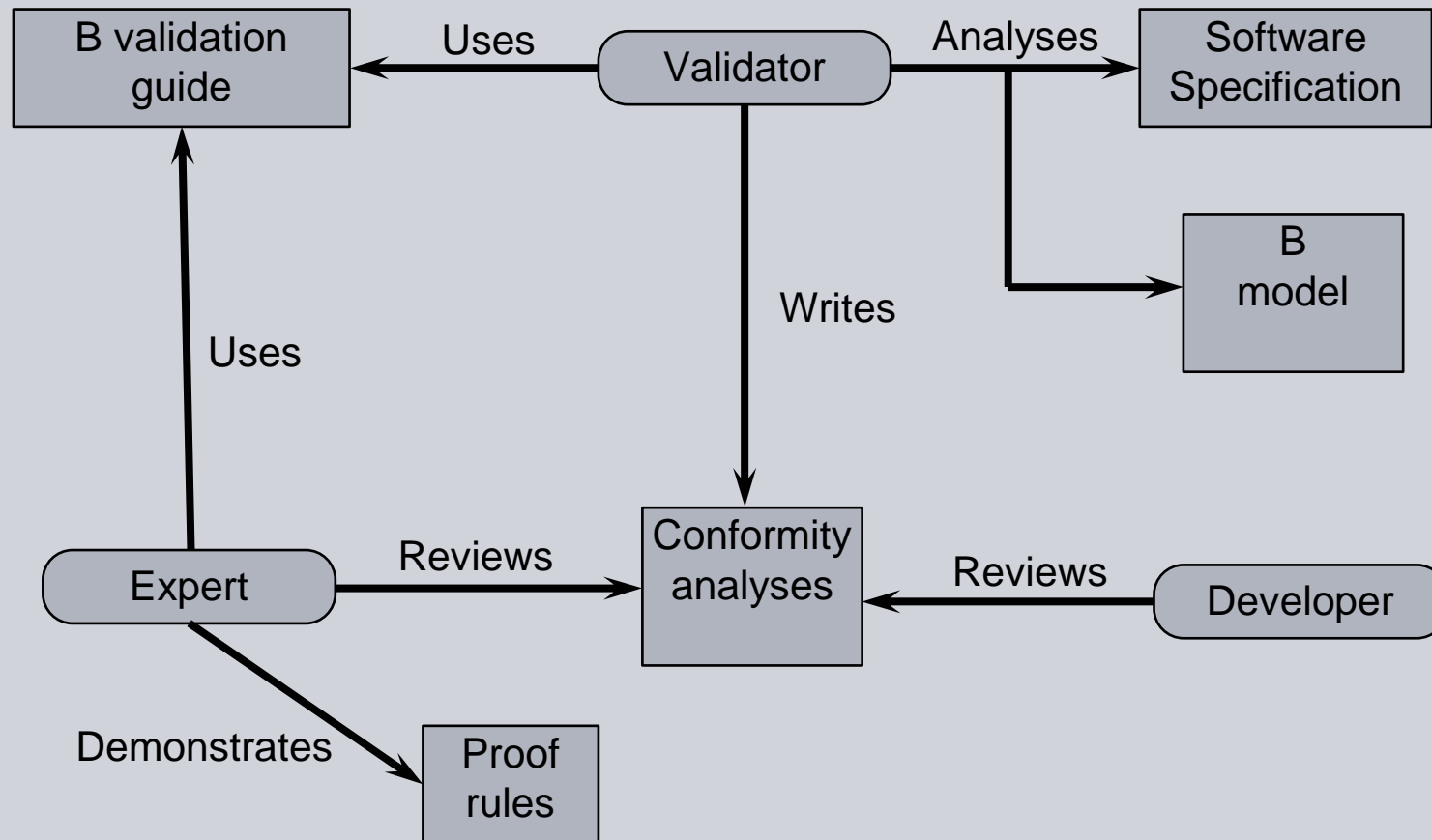


Expert: 1 year of experience

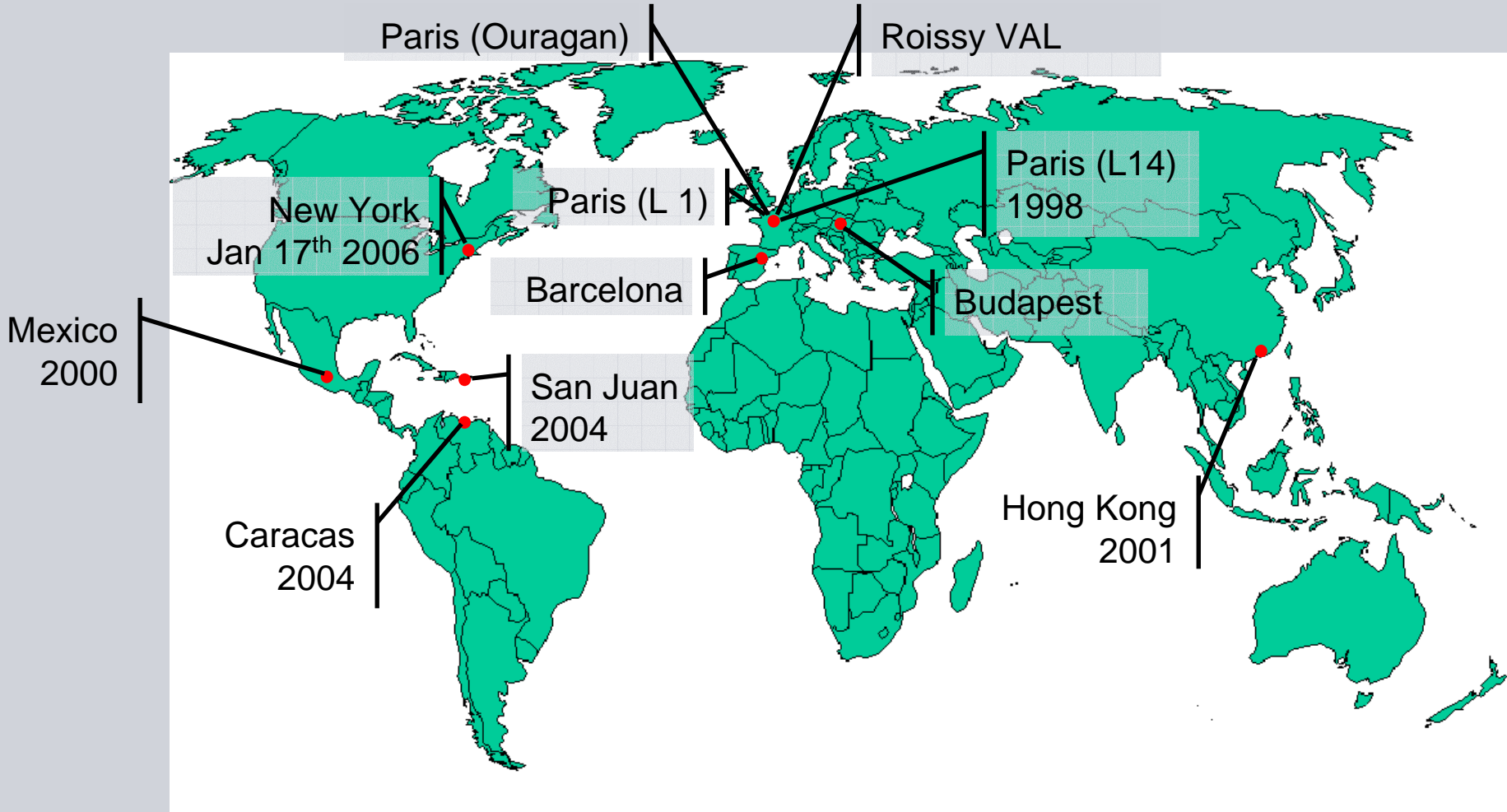
Review process during development



Review process during validation



B: a world of train control systems



B in large scale projects

Thank you for your attention

Any questions?